

NE LINCOLNSHIRE JSNA INDICATOR SUMMARY

TITLE:	Successful completion of drug treatment
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SUBTITLE:	2.15i - Successful completion of drug treatment - opiate users 2.15ii - Successful completion of drug treatment - non-opiate users
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Domain:	Health Improvement
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Frequency of Availability:	Annually, Monthly
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Time Period Of Data Analysis:	2010 to 2013 (National & Regional)
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AVAILABLE COMPARISONS

TYPE	AVAILABLE
National, Regional or Peer Group	Yes
Electoral Ward / NELCCG Practice	No
Neighbourhood	No
Socioeconomic Differences	No
Targets, Trends & Projections	No

KEY POINTS

-ve	North East Lincolnshire was significantly worse than the national rate of combined opiate and non-opiate successful treatment outcomes.
-ve	The North East Lincolnshire percentage of successful drug intervention outcomes also appears to be worsening for the most recent reported data.
o	Successful treatment for opiate drug users in North East Lincolnshire is lower than the regional percentage but is not statistical significantly different and has largely followed the national and regional trend between 2010 and 2013.
o	Successful treatment for non-opiate drug users in North East Lincolnshire is lower than the regional percentage but is not statistical significantly different and has fluctuated above and below the national and regional trend between 2010 and 2013.

DESCRIPTION

Individuals achieving this outcome demonstrate a significant improvement in health and well-being in terms of increased longevity, reduced blood-borne virus transmission, improved parenting skills and improved physical and psychological health.

It aligns with the ambition of both public health and the Government's drug strategy of increasing the number of individuals recovering from addiction. It also aligns well with the

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reducing re-offending public health outcome indicator (1.13) as offending behaviour is closely linked to substance use and it is well demonstrated that cessation of drug use reduces re-offending significantly. This in turn will have benefits to a range of wider services and will address those who cause the most harm in local communities.

The definition of this indicator was updated in November 2014 and reduced from two parts to one indicator which now includes both previous parts as an aggregation.

Numerator: The number of adults that successfully complete treatment in a year and who do not re-present to treatment within 6 months

Denominator: The total number of adults in treatment in a year

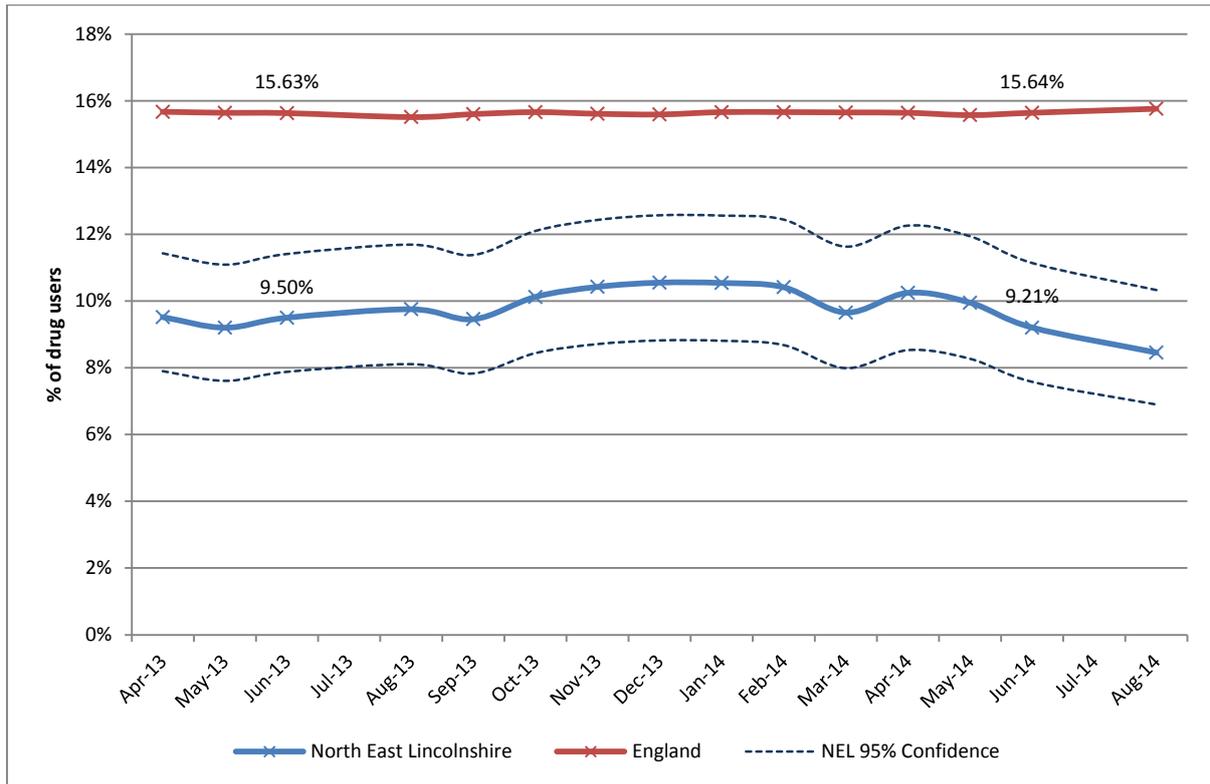
Locally efforts to tackle drug and alcohol misuse have been linked with those to stop criminals re-offending as in a large proportion of cases these are the same people. The commissioning and strategic oversight of services to address these issues is the core role of the North East Lincolnshire Drug and Alcohol Action Team (DAAT). Drug treatment nationally has focussed upon heroin and/or crack/cocaine which are seen as the two most problematic drugs to the individual, society, and in driving crime. Drug taking patterns are changing and this emphasis is lessening, although in North East Lincolnshire, heroin remains the major problem.

NATIONAL, REGIONAL OR PEER GROUP

Data from the National Drug Treatment Monitoring System (NDTMS) shows that North East Lincolnshire has a significantly lower percentage trend of successful drug treatment outcomes than the national trend. Annually reported data is that which is produced for June each and Figure 1 shows that North East Lincolnshire has remained significantly worse than the nationally reported success rate. Successful treatment for drug users in North East Lincolnshire also appears to be getting worse.

Figure 1 % of all drug users (opiates and non-opiates) that left drug treatment successfully who do not represent within 6 months for North East Lincolnshire and England, April 2013 to August 2014

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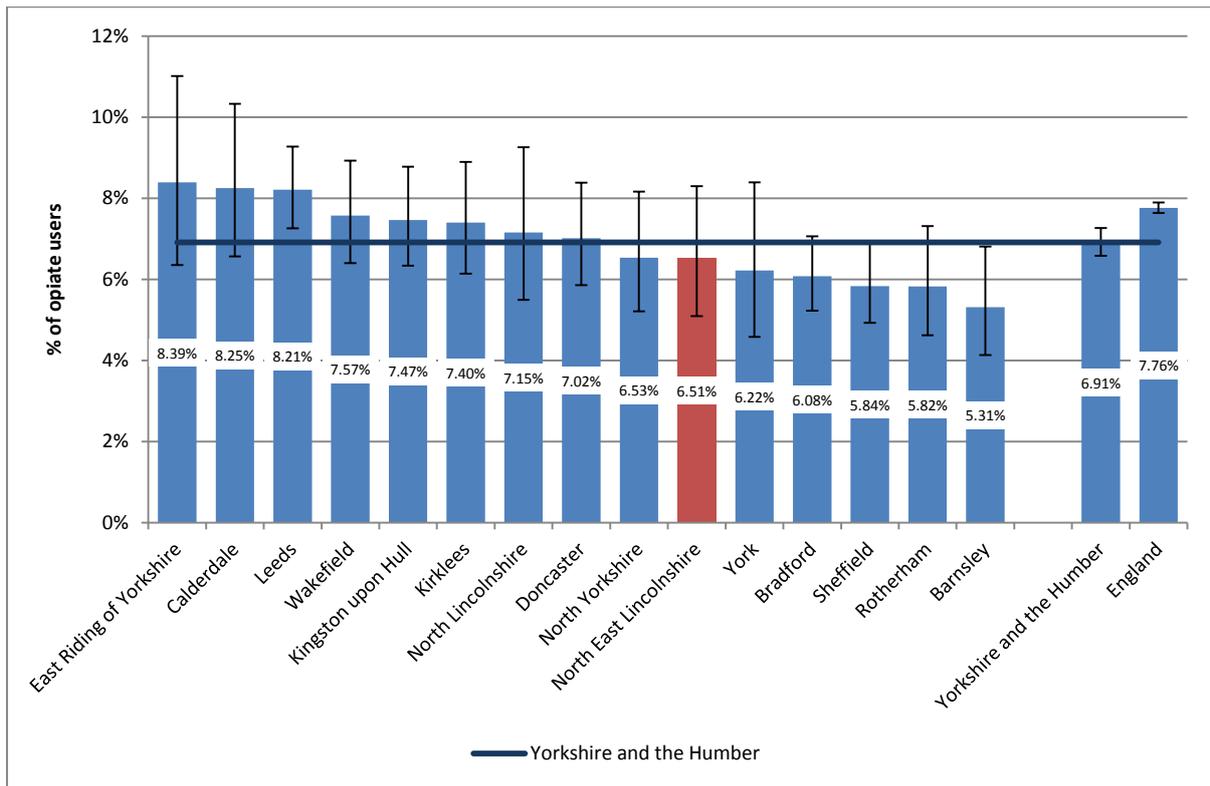


Data Source: NDTMS, 2015

North East Lincolnshire was slightly lower although not statistically significantly lower than the national (6.91%) and regional (7.76%) percentage for successful completion of drug treatment for opiate users. As shown in Figure 2 North East Lincolnshire, with a percentage of 6.51%, was in the lower half of region.

Figure 2 % of users of opiates that left drug treatment successfully who do not represent within 6 months for Yorkshire and Humber region, 2013

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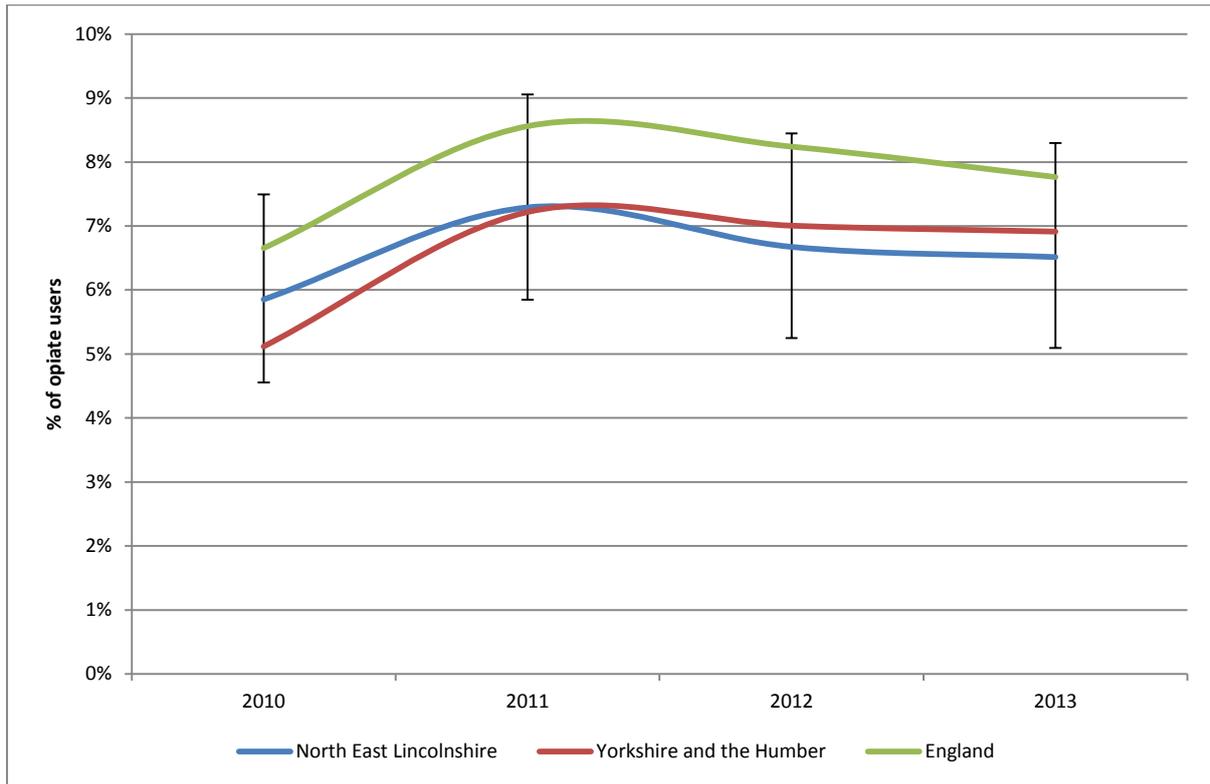


Data source: Public Health England, 2015

Trend data for 2010 to 2013 shows that North East Lincolnshire has largely followed the national and regional trend of an increase in successful treatments in recent years followed by a slight decrease. Despite being consistently lower than the national percentage, North East Lincolnshire has remained within statistical significant range of the national and regional percentages for successful drug treatments for opiate users, as shown in Figure 3.

Figure 3 % of users of opiates that left drug treatment successfully who do not represent within 6 months for North East Lincolnshire, Yorkshire and Humber and England, 2010- 2013

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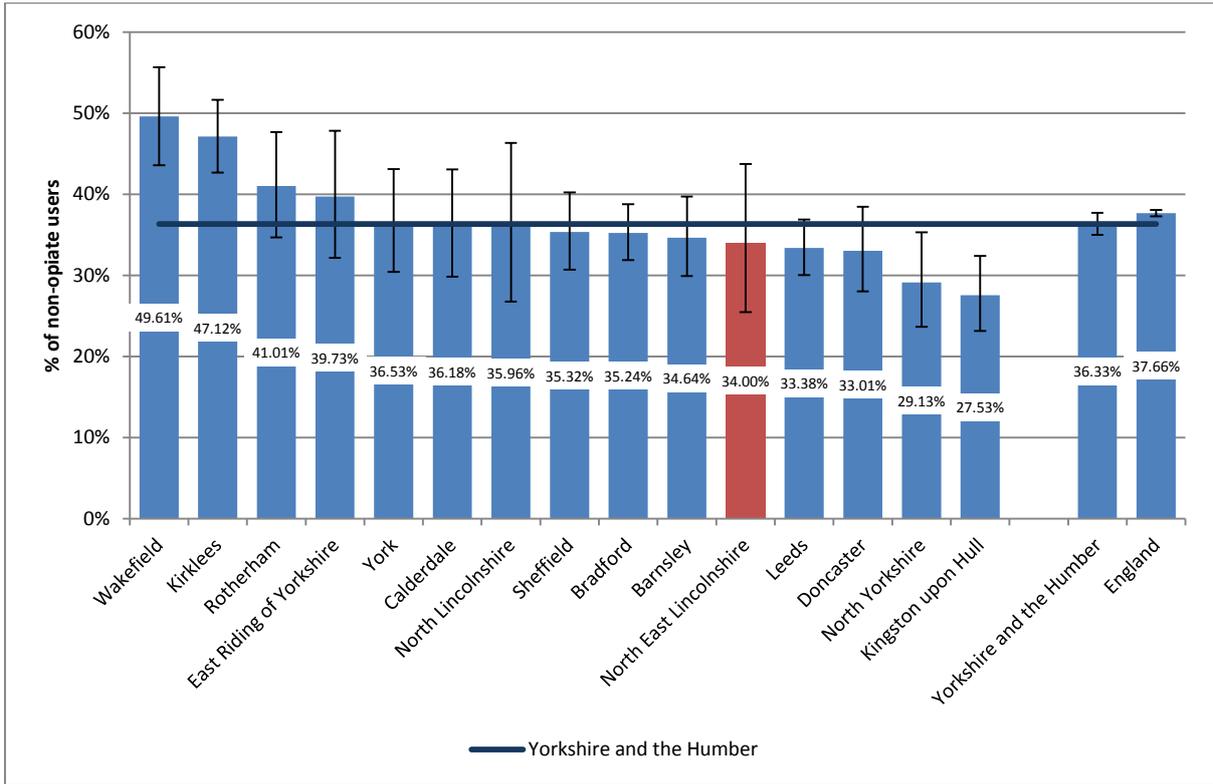


Data source: Public Health England, 2015

As with opiate users drug treatment, the latest data (2013) for successful non-opiate drug treatment in North East Lincolnshire is slightly lower than the regional (36.33%) and national (37.66%) percentages; but the difference not significantly different. Although North East Lincolnshire had the 5th worst percentage in the region, the successful treatment percentage of 34% in North East Lincolnshire, as shown in Figure 4, was not statically significantly different to any other local authority areas in the Yorkshire and Humber region.

Figure 4 % of users of non-opiates that left drug treatment successfully who do not represent within 6 months for Yorkshire and Humber region, 2013

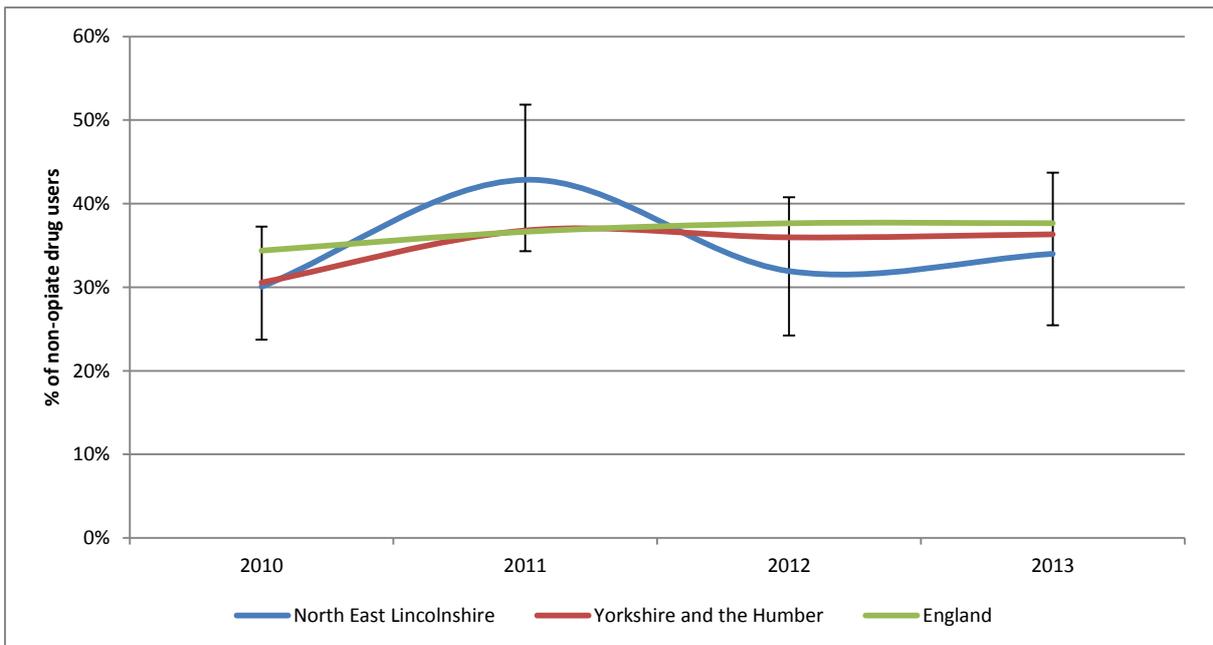
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Data source: Public Health England, 2015

North East Lincolnshire has fluctuated above and below the regional and national trend for successful treatment for non-opiate drug users but the difference (as shown in Figure 5) has not been significantly different.

Figure 5 % of users of non-opiates that left drug treatment successfully who do not represent within 6 months for North East Lincolnshire, Yorkshire and Humber and England, 2010- 2013



Data source: Public Health England, 2015

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Public Data Sources:	<i>NDTMS Public Health England</i>
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